Export Of Jute

477. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided to export l.S lakh bales of raw jute in 1992-93;

(b) if so, whether the total domestic requirement of raw jute has been met alongwith the anticipated requirement for the rest of the year;

(c) whether Government propose to open new avenues, give incentives and do more research for encouraging the manufacturing of diversified products of jute so as to boost the export of finished products instead of raw jute; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) and (b) Government have, in view of the availability of surplus raw jute after fully catering to domestic requirements, announced a quota for the export of 1.S0 lakh bales of raw jute to General Currency Area countries during the 1992-93 jute season.

(c) and (d) Government have taken several measures to promote the manufacture and export of diversified jute products including, inter alia, provision of financial, fiscal and marketing support and funding R&D activities to develop a new range of diversified jute products suited to consumer preferences. Multidimensional activities have been undertaken for promotion of export of jute manufactures including diversified jute products such as participation in international fairs, organising buyers'-sellers' meets, commissioning market studies, liaisoning with importers and end-users and conducting publicity campaigns.

Silk Production

478. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have started sericulture in Kerala and Andhra Pradesh on commercial basis;

(b) if so, the results thereof;

(c) whether Government propose to start sericulture in other States which are non-viable so far for increasing the silk production and also to boost the employment opportunities; if so, the details thereof;

,(d) the average annual production of silk in the country, State-wise; and

(e) the steps taken proposed to be taken to increase silk production in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) and (b) Government does not directly undertake sericulture in any State, however, it gives research and technical inputs and infrastructural support to sericulture farmers in both Andhra Pradesh and Kerala.

(c) Central Silk Board has initiated action to introduce sericulture on pilot-project basis in one or two selected districts of 12 non-traditional States. In these States, basic sericulture infrastructure like basic Seed Farms, Grainages, Chawkie Rearing Centres, Demonstration-cum-Training Centres etc., are proposed to be set up.

(d) The requisite information is attached as Statement. *(See* below)

(e) Some of the major steps undertaken to increase silk production are as follows:

(i) bringing in additional acreage under mulberry.

(ii) improving silkworm seed quality;

(iii) development of new strains of silkworm races;

(iv) popularisation of effective disease control measures etc.

Statement

71M *Statewise average Annual Production of Raw Silk far the last three Years (1989-90 to 1991-92).*

(Tonnes)

Sl. No.	State	Average annual raw silk production	
		Mulberry	Non-Mulberry (Tasar, Eri, Muga)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	2943*	1.67
2.	Assam	17	411.67
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	1	5.67
4.	Bihar	81	282
5.	Gujarat	NEG	NEG
6.	Himachal Pradesh	5.67	—
7.	J&K	23	—
8	Karnataka	5926.33	—
9.	Kerala	1	—
10.	Madhya Pradesh	3	42
11.	Maharashtra	4.67	2.33
12.	Manipur	27	114
13.	Mizoram	1	2
14.	Meghalaya	1	113*
15.	Nagaland	1	24.33*
16.	Orissa	2.67	67.67
17.	Punjab	—	—
18.	Rajasthan	0.7	—
19.	Tamil Nadu	1041*	—
20.	Tripura	2.33	NEG
21.	Uttar Pradesh	20.33	1.33
22.	West Bengal	908.67	24.33

*Estimated

ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में जनता वस्त्र की बिक्री

479. **श्री रामसिंह राठवा:** क्या वस्त्र मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में जनता वस्त्र बेचने के लिए ग्राम पंचायत और निजी बिक्री केन्द्रों से संपन्न एजेंसियों का पता लगा रही है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ग) सरकार ने अब तक इस मामले में क्या कार्यवाही की है?

वस्त्र मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री अशोक गहलोत): (क) जी नहीं।

(ख) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।

(ग) भारत सरकार ने राज्य सरकारों, जिन्हें जनता कपड़े का वितरण सुनिश्चित करने की जिम्मेवारी दी गई है को निदेश दिए हैं कि लक्षित समूह को जनता कपड़ा वितरित करने के लिए प्रभावी कदम उठाए। जनता कपड़े के वितरण की मार्गदर्शिका में ऐसा उल्लेख है कि ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लक्षित समूह को 75% से कम कपड़ा नहीं बेचा जाना चाहिए। वितरण अभिकरणों के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कई विक्रय केंद्र हैं। वितरण पहलू की देख-रेख राज्य सरकारों के मुख्य सचिव/सचिव की अध्यक्षता में गठित राज्य स्तर कार्यान्वयन समितियों द्वारा की जाती है।